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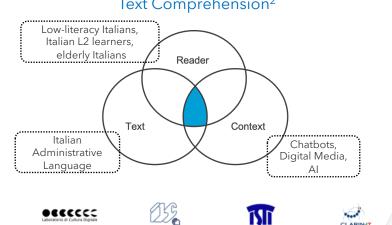
# Language Disparity in the Interaction with Chatbots for the Adminstrative Domain

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Introduction

- The writing style of **administrative texts** is artificial and obscure<sup>1</sup>.
- Since citizen broadly access to the Internet and use extensively mobile devices, PAs are increasingly choosing to communicate through digital technologies, like **chatbots**.
- However, language disparity could impede full access to administrative texts.



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The main goal of this work is to detect which factors affect the comprehension process of citizens with limited reading skills when they access administrative texts, in the interaction with conversational AI systems, such as chatbots.

#### Is a simplification based on linguistic traits enough?

**Reading comprehension test** (10 questions per text) 4 texts in their original or **simplified versions** 

- Passages from administrative acts and city halls' web pages:
  - A: Web page about public subsidies (Naples)
- **B**: FAQ on elDs (Rome)
- **C**: Municipality act about disability services (Bari)
- **D**: Call for bids for social housing (Trento)
- Text simplification adopting PACCSS-IT annotation schema<sup>3</sup>
- Simplification based on linguistic traits of the administrative Italian language

### **Evaluating Text simplification**

#### 1) Readability assessment tools based on NLP:

- GULPEASE (% of simplicity)
- READ-IT<sup>4</sup> (% of complexity)

	Α		В		с		D	
	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S
GULPEASE	48.2	56.7	45.5	51.7	41	48	42.4	56.1
R-IT Basic	74.6	20.3	90.9	56.7	89.7	40	97.1	24.3
R-IT Lexical	17.7	0.4	4.2	0.7	92.7	12.6	98.2	30.9
R-IT Syntactic	99.6	90.7	91.2	88.5	95.9	65	100	88.4

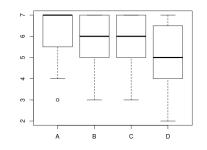
**process**, other than complexity linguistic traits

#### 2) Preliminary test: 43 Italian native speakers read the original (O) and simplified (S) text to decide:

• Which text is easier to understand?



How similar are they? (Likert scale, 1-7)



- Since B was **simplified less** than other texts (G. +6.2), more participants chose the original version
- Since D was simplified more than other texts (G. +13.7), original and simplified text were judged less similar
- · Participants' familiarity with administrative acts may affect the perception of complexity

## Conclusion and future work

• The reading comprehension test can be used to predict the **actual level of informants' comprehension**. • If simplified texts are still hard to read, this test will help to detect features affecting readers comprehension

[1] Franceschini, F., & Gigli, S.. Manuale di scrittura amministrativa. Agenzia delle entrate, 2003. [2] De Mauro, T., & Vedovelli, M.. (eds). Dante, il gendarme e la bolletta: la comunicazione pubblica in Italia e la nuova bolletta Enel. Laterza, 1999. [3] Brunato, D., A. Cimino, F. Dell'Orletta, and G. Venturi. "Paccss-it: A parallel corpus of complex-simple sentences for automatic text simplification." EMNLP 2016. [4] Dell'Orletta, F., S. Montemagni, and G. Venturi. "READ-IT: Assessing readability of Italian texts with a view to text simplification." SLPAT 2011.

#### Text Comprehension<sup>2</sup>